

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXVIII. No. 13

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1934

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Better Groceries for Less

MACARONI—	
Broken 2 1-2 lb. cellophane pkg.	25c
MARMALADE—	
Empress pack, Seville oranges, 4 lb. tin	65c
BROOMS—	
5 string, fine grade of corn	60c
APRICOTS—	
2 lb. pkg, bright, fresh, meaty, cellophaned	50c
SALMON—	
"Silver River" brand sockeye, 1 lb. tins	30c
TOMATOES—	
K. B. brand, choice, 2 1-2 tins	2 for 25c
TEA—	
Primrose brand—a superior drink.	
Individual Tea Pot Free with 1 lb.	50c
SUNNY BILL—	
The breakfast cereal that is better for you—	
all wheat—nothing added, nothing taken	
away. 5 lb. package	25c

Halliday & Laut

Massey-Harris Machinery

Look ! Farmers, Look !

The Biggest Bargain Ever Offered

New 3 furrow horse plow, power lift \$125.00

See Bargain List for Second-hand Drills.

J. M. Williams

Acetylene Welding General Blacksmith

A Better Service

In order to do good work you must have the necessary tools. We have one of the best equipped garages on this line and can give you a better service for less money.

GOODYEAR TIRES

The Better Tire at a Lower Price.

HEATED STORAGE

Crossfield Garage

F. T. BAKER



HOG
PRICES
ARE
UP!
RAISE
HOGS!

LOOK AFTER YOUR HOG HOUSES

Improve them. Put them in good repair. Make the most of present advanced hog prices.

We stock the right types of material for hog houses. We can give the best advice as to their construction.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member Phone 15 W.R.L.A.

Midland & Pacific Grain Corporation

LIMITED
CALGARY — WINNIPEG — EDMONTON — VANCOUVER

Country Elevators at Principal Points in Alberta

Terminal Elevator at North Vancouver, B.C.
Capacity 1,000,000 Bushels

Members:

Winnipeg, Calgary, Vancouver Grain Exchanges

A. C. RANDALL
President

C. W. ROENISCH
General Manager

Eleven Visiting Rinks in Crossfield Bonspiel

Eleven Local Rinks — Weather Favors Committee

Eleven visiting rinks and eleven local rinks started yesterday morning to curl their way through Crossfield's annual bonspiel. The entry is larger than last year and with cooler weather everything points to a most successful spiel. Evidentially the Crossfield officials are in close touch with the visiting man, because they arranged to have the weather cooled down on Monday night so that the ice could be put in good shape to start curling on Wednesday.

Austin Whillans is acting as bonspiel secretary.

The Ladies Guild are serving refreshments at the rink.

THE RINKS

Crossfield—J. M. Williams, Glen Williams, G. Purvis, C. Becker, El. Meyers, Wm. Stralo, G. Y. McLean, H. McCaskill, R. Smart, C. H. McMillan, Mrs. Harrison.

Carstairs—E. Lee, C. Hislop, L. Leisemer, J. Hall, W. Shantz, M. Foster, J. Johnston.

Didsbury—F. Kaufman, Bert Fisher.

Dog Pound—Lake Parsons.

Airdrie—Rev. Howie.

GRAND CHALLENGE (Distributors)

Glen Williams 10, Becker 3

Lee 12, Foster 4

Hislop 11, Meyers 0

Fisher 12, Shantz 0 (default)

Stralo 14, McMillan 4

Kaufman 10, J. Williams 3

McLean 9, Leisemer 6

CITIZENS

Smart 8, McLean 7

Howie 6, Parsons 2

Hall 10, Leisemer 8

Kaufman 13, McCaskill 1

Stralo 16, Mrs. Harrison 2

McMillan 8, J. Williams 7

Lee 8, G. Williams 6

Hislop 12, Shantz 0 (default)

Foster 10, Fisher 6

Local School District Has

Healthy Bank Account

A highly successful annual raters meeting of Crossfield School District was held at the town hall on Monday, Feb. 19th. The attendance was not large, but those who were present heard, among other things, the healthy condition of school district finances.

The financial statement showed that a balance in the bank consisted of \$3,781.55. This is indeed a nice showing when it considered that the trustees were able to reduce the mill rate by 1 mill over 1932.

The report showed that the Crossfield S.D. has no debentures to pay, and no outstanding accounts.

In spite of the depression and all that goes with it, the outstanding taxes were approximately \$2,000 less in 1933, than in 1932.

The total cost for running the school for 1933 amounted to \$6013.57.

Report of the principal showed that the average daily attendance of pupils for the year was 105.7.

A motion was passed and carried, suggesting to the Board that the poll tax be discontinued. This tax was put into effect in 1933, and it was considered that the collecting of the tax was more trouble than it was worth.

It was moved and carried that the Board secure the necessary permission from the Department so that school can be called at 9:30 a. m. during the winter months.

Dr. S. H. McClelland was re-elected trustee for a term of three years by acclamation.

At the conclusion of the business meeting, a vote of thanks was tendered the trustees for the very efficient manner in which all departments operated.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Carol Koest-er of Crossfield, on Feb. 17th, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Ken Borbridge at Vancouver, B. C. on Feb. 14, a son.

Miss Isabel Dawson of Maden is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Pogue this week.

Annual Meeting M. D. of Rosebud No. 280

The annual meeting was held at Carstairs on Saturday. Mr. R. A. Shaw presiding.

The Revere submitted the annual statement and auditors report.

Motion by Mr. Jas. Millar disapproving of action of council in making seizures for taxes on land under S. S. R. was lost.

Mr. Frank Laut informed the meeting regarding preparations made to meet grasshopper menace.

Mr. O. E. Jones spoke on soil drifting and on the weed situation.

Messrs Geo. Ainscough, A. S. Gough and L. Siebert were re-elected by acclamation for Divisions 2, 4 and 5 respectively.

Chautauqua Gleams

Hello Folks! This is the Chronicle Reporter, well now for a little news of the Board of Trade Chautauqua presented by local talent, assisted by a few outside artists.

First, I want to tell you that unprecedented interest is being taken in the forthcoming local Chautauqua sponsored by the Board of Trade, so much so that the advertising manager has been unable to cope with the stacks of letters that arrive daily.

Thousands of letters contain inquiries regarding the personnel of the artists, and the advertising manager wishes to announce that he cannot possibly undertake to give individual replies in these cases.

It has been thought advisable, however to publish a few brief notes on the various artists. These no doubt will be read with interest by hundreds of prospective patrons who are eagerly looking forward with anticipation to one of the best shows ever staged in local circles.

James Dickson, a product of the land of the heather, spends a lot of his time practicing arithmetic in the Bank. Suffers from periodic fits of depression but is always placed in a cage whenever he shows signs of violence. Plays in "A Lady to See You" first evening.

Glen Williams, famous in curling circles, in fact he never seems to get enough, and when he feels like it he grades his cereals rough, even been known to make 6 and 7. See him in "A Lady to See You."

A. McClelland, a very systematic person, sleeps eight hours, eats eight hours, and answers her husband's questions for eight hours. Plays in "A Lady to See You" first evening.

H. Fitzpatrick, a brood of a boy, Irish and proud of it too. Well-known personally in athletic and entertainment circles, in private life always busy looking for lost knot holes. Directs and plays in "The Heart Cry" second evening.

Well that's thirty for this week, friends, see you next week in these columns.

Large Attendance at Physical Culture Class

The Physical Culture Class which is being conducted by Pete Gravell and Constable Cameron, is progressing rapidly. With such splendid turnouts there is no doubt the membership will one day reach 100.

Girls and boys will work together until more space is available.

Classes commence at 7:30 every Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights in the U. F. A. hall and all are welcome to attend.

Dog Pound School Children

Raise \$58.50 for Red Cross

The Junior Red Cross benefits by \$58.50 from a concert and bazaar given by Dog Pound school children on Friday 16th. Program and concert was arranged by teacher Miss Young ably assisted by Mrs. Angus Cameron and one or two local young ladies.

A rug donated by Mrs. Buschert brought \$15.00. Dog Pound's pet stickleton, Fred Brooks, in addition to the R. C. and all enjoyed his "taking" way.

Miss Isabel Leask has a class of ten youngsters who she is teaching the art of Highland and tap dancing. The class is held on Saturday afternoon in the Dog Pound school.

Work Shoes

We have just received our new shipment of Work Shoes. And although the price of leather has increased very greatly we offer these at popular prices.

\$3.00 to \$3.85

Per Pair

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited.

Anti Freeze Glass Frost Shields
Hood Covers Goodrich Tires
Car Heaters, Etc.
Texaco Gas. Texaco and Velvet Oils
Bring Us Your Radio and Car Batteries for Charging

The Highway Garage

W. J. Wood Phone 11

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta

ALWAYS READY

We wish to notify the public that we are always ready to serve you with the best quality meats at the most reasonable prices.

Fresh and Smoked Fish Cooked Meats
Fresh Sausage.

The Home Meat Market

Chas. Mielond Crossfield

WE SELL

MIDLAND COAL

THE BEST—THEREFORE THE CHEAPEST.

Midland & Pacific Grain Corporation Ltd.
Phone--55 or 8 D. W. CARMICHAEL, Manager

Crossfield Transfer AND STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62 Crossfield

Calgary Phone—M 1826

Persistent Attempts Made By Man Are Slowly Unfolding the White Mystery of the Antarctic

The present attempts upon the white mystery of the Antarctic seem to be beginning in a tender atmosphere of drama than that which met the first Byrd expedition. For the first ice conditions have proved unusual. The Ellsworth expedition, when it finally reached the Bay of Whales, saw evidences of movement never before reported, in the solid shelf ice which surrounds and forms the bay. Chunks were seen to break off from the vast glacier, estimated to be several hundred feet thick, while the Ellsworth plane was wrecked in the moving bay below the ice. That ended for this year Ellsworth's bold project for a trans-continental flight from the Ross to the Weddell Sea.

Now the Byrd expedition, successfully reaching Little America after it had been feared that the pack ice would bar the road entirely, has only narrowly missed destruction under a fall of the shelf or barrier ice such as Ellsworth reported. A near-disaster to Byrd's big plane on its first flight can scarcely have lessened the excitement. These are reminders of the real perils of Antarctic adventure, which, in this area at any rate, must be based upon the edge of a floating glacier, with solid land hundreds of miles away. The compensation is that if conditions are really changing in the Bay of Whales, the phenomenon offers more opportunity for unlocking the many still hidden secrets of that last unknown continent.

Something Admiral Byrd has already been able to contribute. By his flights from shipboard he was able to push back the white space on the charts which conceals the actual coast line through the thousand miles or so between the Ross Sea area and the region of Wilkins' discoveries below the tip of South America. No one has ever seen land in that sector; no one even knows whether there is a continental mass there or only, perhaps, scattered islands. Wilkins was able to reduce Graham Land, once thought to be a projection of the continent, to an archipelago; but what lies between his Hearst Land, near the 80th meridian, and Marie Byrd Land, which seems to form the eastern shore of the Ross Sea between the 140th and 150th meridians, no one can tell. Wilkins took one bite, by aeroplane, out of this unknown quadrant, finding no land; Byrd has now taken another, with the same result. But his present purpose is to clear up the mystery as far as he can. Slowly, despite all the perils which he holds, the Antarctic Continent has been taking form upon our charts, and sooner or later its whole shape must be known.—New York Herald Tribune.

Newspaper In The Lead

Cheapest And Best Form Of Advertising Shows

What is described as one of the most exhaustive surveys ever taken in Los Angeles for the purpose of determining "buyers' wishes" has resulted in the following conclusions: That 77 per cent. paid no attention to advertising matter thrown into their yards.

That 86 per cent. of all women and 57 per cent. of the men watch for newspaper advertisements of special sales.

That illustrated newspaper advertising was preferred 9 to 1. Both men and women picked newspapers first when asked what advertising medium they preferred.

The newspaper continues to be the cheapest and best form of publicity for all lines of business. Nothing begins to approach it in reaching all the public, and no other medium is as inexpensive.

Smithson—"I hesitate to mention it, Mrs. Greylocks, but your husband owed me two dollars when he died." Widow—"Really? Oh, well, I know you're glad that you have something to remember him by."

Sportsman (at reception)—I should like to try my hand at big game.

Mrs. Green—Yes, I suppose you find it hard to hit those little birds.

London omnibuses have covered more than 2,500,000 miles without a fatal accident to road users.

W. N. U. 2034

Farm Size Increase

Mechanical Power On The Farm Largely Responsible For Larger Holdings

The increase in the size of Canadian farms, particularly in the spring wheat area, is attributable mainly to improvements in farm machinery and to the introduction of mechanical power. According to figures of the Economics branch, Dominion department of agriculture, during the 20-year period from 1871 to 1891, there was practically no change in the average size of farms, the acreage being reported as slightly in excess of 97 acres for each census year. From 1901 to 1921, the average expanded rapidly from 124.1 acres to 224.5 acres. Using Saskatchewan to illustrate the change in the spring wheat area, it will be found that the acreage per farm increased rapidly since 1911 with but a slight change from 255.1 acres to 265.2 acres per farm for the decade preceding that year. In 1931 the average size of farms in Saskatchewan was 408 acres. Acres of improved land increased from 83.5 to 245.9 acres, or nearly 200 per cent. There was approximately the same increase in the number of acres sown to wheat.



By Ruth Rogers



WEARABLE AND SMART—SPECIALLY FLATTERING TO THE WOMAN OF HEAVIER FIGURE

Charming day wear with most helpful slimming lines for matrons and figures of heavier build. It's the most comfortable thing in the world to wear carried out as pictured in navy blue mossy ribbed crepe. Its only adornment is the green novelty belt buckle.

Two tone crepe silks would also look well for this model. For instance, navy blue with the one-sided rever and bow of powder-blue is stunning.

The fascinating printed crepes are also smart and suitable. It's so easily made.

Style No. 512 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust.

Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards of 39-inch material.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 275 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

CHANGES IN THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT



Arrangements are being made to superannuate J. L. Gaboury (left), Deputy Postmaster-General of Canada, because of ill-health, and V. T. Coolican (right), Assistant Deputy, is reported to be his likely successor. Mr Gaboury has been in the public service since 1900.

Record For Old Church

Had Only One Wedding In Century And A Quarter

A church in which there has been but one bride and groom in a century and a quarter—does such a place exist in Canada or anywhere else?

A church outside of which at least one bride and groom were married in their night apparel, at midnight, at the cross-roads nearby? You will find both these odd things in the Conger Methodist church, the building erected by Stephen Conger in 1809.

Melissa Cronk and Nelson Conger were married in 1871 in this church by chance almost. She wore blue silk poplin, and a veil. In the old days Methodist ministers were not allowed to officiate at weddings. So these took place either in a magistrate's office or in houses or at the cross-roads. The latter strange ceremony was arranged for those who did not want their names read in church; and the stipulation was night clothes for garments.

The church has been often repainted but is otherwise as it was built; the stairway to the pulpit, the sounding board are just as they were long ago. The building is like a huge square box with mansard roof.

The house in which Stephen Conger lived, built in 1812, still stands, in part, although much altered.

The bride of his descendant, who chose, at the last moment, to be married in the church, lived to be 90.

Journalists Were Unlucky

Many Of Chinese Newspaper Editors Have Been Executed

During the 1,000 years that have elapsed since the founding of the Peking Gazette, a newspaper which claims the distinction of being the second oldest periodical in the world, so fewer than 1,797 of its editors have been executed.

This information was featured in the jubilee issue recently put out by the Gazette in celebration of its 1,000th anniversary.

It is stated that some of the unlucky journalists were beheaded because they had failed to live up to the elaborate customs of politeness laid down by the ancient Chinese code of life.

Producing Turkey Meat

Sixty-Four Pounds of Grain To Produce A 16-Pound Turkey

Experiments show that when turkeys are fed without free range, it takes five and a half pounds of mixed grain to produce one pound of flesh, but as at least 99 per cent. of the turkeys in Canada are fed with free range, these figures cannot apply, says Mr. F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman. Figures obtained in the three prairie provinces, where 75 per cent. of Canada's turkeys are grown, show that 50 to 60 pounds of grain will produce a 16-pound turkey. But in order to be conservative, 64 pounds of grain may be allowed for the 16 pounds of turkey meat, or four pounds of feed to one pound of flesh. Turkeys brought to the farmer an average of nine cents per pound in 1932 (18 cents in 1931). At the 1932 average price a 16-pound turkey brought \$1.44, paying a gross return of \$2.25 per cwt. for the grain and \$1.40, 91 cents, and 86 cents for wheat, barley, and oats, or an increase for each of these per bushel of \$1.09, 71 cents, and 67 cents.

One Of Strange Hobbies

Some People Spend Much Time Making Small Books

Among the strangest of strange hobbies is the desire to make small books, but it is one on which people at various times have spent a great deal of thought and effort.

The world's smallest book was made in Holland in the year 1674, by someone named Carl Van Lange. There are 49 pages in it, and each of them, including the margins all round the printed text, is only about seven-tenths of an inch long and three-tenths of an inch wide. Its title is "The Court of Flowers," and the volume is beautifully bound in calf leather ornamented with gold-leaf, and provided with a gold clasp.

Cancel The Permit

Scottish courts seem to depend to quite an extent on the cancellation of the license to drive, and the knowledge that an accident or a charge in court is liable to result in the car being made useless for a term of years undoubtedly has an effect in producing caution in drivers.



The Reques: "Arry, 'ave you ever tried 'Thatchi' for yer baldness?"

—The Humorist, London.

Advance In Price Of Gold Results In Marked Stimulus To Gold Mining In Canada

The Praying Mantis

Insect May Be Used In West To Combat Hopper Menace

In the co-operative efforts of the Dominion and provincial departments of agriculture and the various municipalities and farming societies for the control of grasshoppers, no possible means of exterminating the plague is overlooked. During last fall certain members of the staff of the Dominion parasite laboratory at Belleville, Ont., collected egg masses of the praying mantis in the Belleville-Napanee-Pictou area where this insect has been increasingly abundant during the past three years. The praying mantis feeds to a large extent on grasshoppers and the eggs have been collected with the intention of investigating the possibility of colonizing the praying mantis at points in western Canada where grasshoppers are a serious pest. The praying mantis is remarkable for its grotesque figure and for holding its formidable fore-legs in a manner suggesting hands folded in prayer—hence its name. However, the mantis preys on other insects and its devout attitude merely covers its tenacious moments of watchfulness.

Spelled Spelling

Chicago Tribune Hse Even Included Name Of Publisher

The Chicago Tribune has gone in for simplified spelling and the rule has been extended to include the name of the publisher, Col. Robert R. McCormick. That name becomes McCormick. Some of the changes announced for spelling on that paper include:

Fantom instead of phantom. Hockey for hokey. Harken for hearken.

Indefinitely for indefinitely. The Tribune will not adopt either for although, nor will it change through to thru, but in all there are 24 changes which it has decided to use in its effort to simplify spelling.

The truth is when a number of people decide to make their own method of spelling confusion must be sartin to happen. We have as much right to change words as McCormick or any individual but it is better to stick to what was tot in skool. When changes are made we won't tunk know orders from Chicagoo.—Stratford Beacon-Herald.

Enemy Of Man's Supremacy

Insects Are The Most Dangerous Enemy Of Man

Notwithstanding their remarkably interesting structures, transformations, and habits, insects as a group are the most dangerous of the animal kingdom. They are, in fact, man's chief competitors for the supremacy of the earth. In the whole world over 600,000 different kinds of insects have been studied, and probably as many more distinct species await classification. Man and insects want the same things for food, and they want to occupy the same places.—Dominion Entomological Branch.

Gardens In The Slums

In order to keep children off the streets in the poorest parts of London, England, and teach them some of the wonders of nature, eight beautiful gardens have been transformed from mere rubbish heaps in the slums by the directed efforts of the children, under a committee of generous horticulturists and others. It is now called the London Children's Garden Fund. The produce of each plot is the property of the child to whom it belongs.

A Wonderful Man

There is a Chinese in Shanghai who uses visiting cards written with the tip of his nose. Mr. Hsu, the expert in question, claims that he can inscribe the intricate Chinese characters in 150 different ways. He can write blindfold, with either hand, with a brush inserted into either of his nostrils or ears or between his teeth. He can dispense with the brush and write with his upper or lower lip with his forehead, with his tongue, or with his ear.

The recent rainfall in El Salvador was the heaviest in years and caused heavy damage to property and crops.

With the United States paying \$35 per ounce for gold, shipments of the precious metal from Canada are now going across the international boundary instead of the whole going to London, which was the destination for the bulk of the output since last May. With Ottawa diverting the stream of yellow metal from England to the United States, Canadian mining companies are obtaining the full advantage of the American gold price, less the mint charges, but plus the difference in exchange, which brings the return slightly above \$35 per ounce.

One that could not be considered with gold at \$30.97 per ounce, because good mill grade at the current price with the result that producers are now taking large tonnage of the material, formerly waste rock, and are running it through their mills at a profit. Low grade mines, that were just getting by on the old standard gold price, are now reaping a nice profit on operations and are beginning to make dividend distribution to shareholders.

While the new price affords benefits to producing companies, it also is having a stimulating effect on the gold mining industry of Canada as a whole. Many old properties that have been idle for years are being planned for production and already several companies in this class have announced plans for mill installation, while others are starting up with the object of reaching the production stage as rapidly as possible.

Companies and syndicates that have likely looking prospects are breaking ground at a rapid rate to determine gold possibilities and soon as some indication of values is obtained, diamond drilling is started and is followed by shaft sinking and underground development. It is a safe estimate at this time to say that by the end of the current year Canada will bring in between 20 and 30 new gold producers.

Gold producers, however, are not the only interests to benefit from a higher gold price. The activities in mining is creating a big demand for labor in the various fields; it is furnishing a market for steel, tools, machinery and equipment and also is responsible for large sales of clothing, foodstuffs, all of which have direct bearing on the labor situation in Canada.

Burdensome Surplus

World's Wheat Supply Is Still Reported To Be Heavy

The world wheat crop, excluding Russia, now appears 190 million bushels larger than was estimated four months ago. At the same time the world crop is 200 million bushels smaller than in 1932-33. In the million bushels smaller than in 1932-33, according to the Food Research Institute of Stanford University, Calif.

World wheat supplies for 1933-34 are only about 100 million bushels smaller than in 1932-33. In the major exporting countries supplies are much smaller than in 1932-33, particularly in the U.S. and Canada, but European supplies are much larger. This holds true whether or not Russia is included.

The position is, the Institute finds, that while inroads have been made upon the world wheat surplus it still remains burdensome.

Island Of Small Farmers

Coffee Is Chief Crop Of Haiti's Negro Republic

The negro republic of Haiti is a land of small farmers, only two per cent. is estimated of the agricultural production being the outcome of the plantation method. Coffee is the chief crop. It would scarcely be correct to say that the crop is cultivated, as it actually grows wild and is harvested rather than cultivated. In the absence of direct steamship communication between Canada and Haiti, many Canadian commodities reaching the market lose their identity through the port of New York being shown on the returns as of U.S. origin.

There are approximately 176 farms growing or dealing with tree nursery stock, including fruit trees, in Canada.

Harbin, Manchukuo, now has nearly 100,000 Russians.

GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA
only a step from one
to the other
SCOTT'S EMULSION
Grippe checks
and after
that step.

SCOTT'S EMULSION
RICH IN VITAMINS

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The prison population of Canada at the beginning of the current year numbered 4,087.

The Prince of Wales has become chief patron of the Public Schools Exploring Society, which last summer organized an expedition to northern Finland.

The "Winnie Mae," which Wiley Post twice has flown around the world, may be groomed for the British-sponsored air race between England and Australia this fall, the globe-girdling fly indicated.

The estimated annual saving arising out of the reduction or cancellation of dependents' pensions caused by the pension review in 1932 and 1933 was \$124,528. This information was given in the house of commons.

The Archbishop of Canterbury in the church assembly disclosed that \$100,000 of the \$250,000 sought from the public has already been raised towards the purchase price of the famous fourth-century biblical manuscript, the Codex Sinaiticus.

Because another 1,000 "war widows" receiving pensions were married during the past year the treasury will be able to save \$250,000 in the new budget. There remain 134,650 war widows who have not remarried.

Reduction of interest rates on western farm mortgages and provision for intermediate agricultural credits were advocated as preliminary steps for the rehabilitation of the western provinces by John M. Imrie, managing director of the Edmonton Journal, in an address.

A committee of seven members of the house of commons will inquire into work of the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission this session, suggesting improvements. Premier R. B. Bennett gave notice of the government's intention to establish the committee.

IT'S LIVER THAT MAKES YOU FEEL SO WRETCHED

Wake up your Liver

No-Calcium necessary
For you to feel healthy and happy, your liver must pour two quarts of liquid bile into your bowels, every day.
Bile starts flow, digests food, eliminates waste.
Point in the body, General weakness, loss of energy, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, loss of vitality, loss of color, loss of weight, loss of strength, loss of health, loss of life.
Get your liver working again. Buy a bottle of DENICOTEA today. It will make you feel like a new man.

Complete holder with refill—\$1.00 postpaid, or from your Druggist or Tobacconist Dealers wanted everywhere.

DENICOTEA
CIGARETTE HOLDER

DENICOTEA Cigarette Holder absorbs the nicotine, pyridine, ammonia and resinous and fatty substances found in tobacco smoke.

Complete holder with refill—\$1.00 postpaid, or from your Druggist or Tobacconist Dealers wanted everywhere.

NOW OBTAINABLE FROM
Reht. Simpson Co. Limited
The T. Eaton Co. Limited
Zigarette Drug Store
Meador's Cigar Store
C. G. Whalley
Rutherford Drug Store
Reese Michaluk

DEALERS WANTED
CHANTLER & CHANTLER, LIMITED
Canadian Distributors,
49 Wellington St. W.
TORONTO, ONT.

W. N. U. 2084

Little Journeys In Science

GUNPOWDER
(By Gordon H. Quest, M.A.)

To the average person the term "explosives" suggests the idea of war, but no industry producing explosives could exist if it were dependent on wars for its business. Explosives play an important part in our modern civilization because they are used chiefly for constructive purposes, rather than destructive. Our supplies of coal, iron, and other metals are dependent upon the use of dynamite and gunpowder.

To the Chinese is given the credit of inventing black gunpowder, which is a mixture of saltpetre, charcoal, and sulphur. They used it hundreds of years ago in making firecrackers. It was first used in cannon by the English at the Battle of Crecy, in 1346. An historian of that period states that "The English guns made noise like thunder and caused much loss in men and horses." Many years passed before it was employed in blasting.

The saltpetre, known chemically as potassium nitrate, is an oxidizing agent. Now oxidizing agents are substances which furnish oxygen to other materials in a chemical reaction. Thus, when the gunpowder is ignited combustion is supported by the oxygen liberated from the saltpetre, and does not come from the oxygen of the air. When this very rapid chemical change takes place in guns, large volumes of gases such as carbon dioxide and sulphur dioxide are produced, due to the combining of sulphur and charcoal (carbon) in the gunpowder with the oxygen supplied by the nitrate. As a result of this rapid chemical reaction very high temperatures are produced. The heat causes the gases to expand, and thus they push the cannon ball out with great velocity.

In modern warfare the use of gunpowder is limited to bursting charges or shrapnel shell, to time fuses, and to priming charges for use with smokeless powder. Due to its low cost it is still used extensively by sportsmen in hunting. It is also in great demand for blasting purposes because of its cheapness and because it does not require a detonator. It lacks the power possessed by modern high explosives but has the marked advantage of being less shattering than most explosives.



By Ruth Rogers

Building erected in Shanghai, China, last year are estimated to have cost over \$40,000,000.

It is a fascinating in blue colored satin crepe, should you want to wear it out as originally planned.

Another attractive scheme for it would be to make red crepe silk with the jacket and sleeve flits of red and white crepe knit.

Size 12 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Write c/o carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

PATTERN NO. SIZE

Name

Town

Safe Way to Reduce

39 lbs. Off—and She Feels Better

A woman who has found a sure, safe way to lose fat—without frisk dieting or dangerous drugs—writes: "A year ago I was eaten up by rheumatism, and was far too fat. I weighed 154 lbs. and, as my height is only 5 feet 2 inches, you can judge my appearance. I have taken Kruschen regularly, and not dieted, and now I weigh 115 lbs., which is just nice, and, further, I feel better in health and my rheumatism has vanished." (Mrs.) D. N.

Trickle certain drastic drugs. Kruschen does not aim to reduce by rushing food through the body; its action is confined to a single part of the system. It has a tonic influence upon every organ of elimination, every gland, every nerve, every vein. Gently, but surely, it rids the system of all fat-forming food refuse, of all poisons and harmful acids which give rise to rheumatism, digestive disorders, and many other ills.

FREE TRIAL OFFER
If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now on our return. We will distribute to you a special "GIANT" package which makes it easy for you to prove our claims for Kruschen. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c. package.

This consists of our regular 75c. bottle together with a special trial bottle. Put it to the test. Open the trial bottle first, put it to the test, and if you are not satisfied, return it. Your 75c. bottle is still as good as new. Take it now. You have nothing to lose. Write to: Kruschen Laboratories, Ltd., 1756, 1758, 1760, 1762, 1764, 1766, 1768, 1770, 1772, 1774, 1776, 1778, 1780, 1782, 1784, 1786, 1788, 1790, 1792, 1794, 1796, 1798, 1800, 1802, 1804, 1806, 1808, 1810, 1812, 1814, 1816, 1818, 1820, 1822, 1824, 1826, 1828, 1830, 1832, 1834, 1836, 1838, 1840, 1842, 1844, 1846, 1848, 1850, 1852, 1854, 1856, 1858, 1860, 1862, 1864, 1866, 1868, 1870, 1872, 1874, 1876, 1878, 1880, 1882, 1884, 1886, 1888, 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914, 1916, 1918, 1920, 1922, 1924, 1926, 1928, 1930, 1932, 1934, 1936, 1938, 1940, 1942, 1944, 1946, 1948, 1950, 1952, 1954, 1956, 1958, 1960, 1962, 1964, 1966, 1968, 1970, 1972, 1974, 1976, 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984, 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 25

THE TWELVE SENT FORTH

Golden Text: "The harvest indeed is plentiful, but the laborers are few. Pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest, that he send forth laborers into his harvest." Matthew 9:37, 38.

Lesson: Matthew 9:35-11:1.

Devotional Reading: Romans 10:35-15.

Explanations And Comments

The Twelve Sent Forth, 10:1-4. Jesus had already chosen the twelve disciples, and now he sent them out two by two, as Mark tells us, to help in this time of great need, and to gain training for their future work. He gave them authority to cast out demons and cure the sick. Matthew now records the names of the Twelve. In all the lists given (Matthew 10:2-4; Mark 3:13-14; Luke 9:10-11; Acts 1:13), the disciples are arranged in three groups; the first of which is always Peter, that of the second, James and John, and that of the third, James the son of Alphaeus. The order of the remaining three in each group varies in the different lists, save that Judas Iscariot is always the last one given.

Who is called Peter. He received the name of Peter, which means Rock or Stone, when first called. Peter was the spokesman of the group, "the Mouth of the Apostles," as Chrysostom calls him.

"Christ created ideal men by idealizing the real men, turning the impulsive Simon into Peter the rock, changing Pharisae Saul into Paul, and the cursing son of thunder into the loving John. Cultivate Christ's idealism and you may repeat his highest miracle—the transformation of the character of your friends." (James Bashford).

Andrew, Peter's brother. It was he who brought Peter to Jesus, "thus earning the distinction of being the first missionary of the Kingdom of Heaven." James and John, sons of Zebedee, Jesus called Boanerges, Sons of Thunder. James was the first disciple to suffer martyrdom (Mark 12:2). John is known as "the disciple whom Jesus loved." He is associated with Peter in the Gospels, and is mentioned in the early chapters of the Acts.

Philip, who would be shown the Father (John 14:9); Bartholomew (Nathanael), the Israelite in whom was no guile (Thomas "The Doubter," as he is often called; Matthew the publican, and writer of the Gospel we are studying; James the son of Alphaeus, who is called James the Less in Mark; Thaddaeus, more noted for his names than his deeds (Luke 6:16; John 14:22; Mark 3:18); Simon the Cananæan, called also Simon Zelotes, or the Zealot; and Judas Iscariot (literally, Man of Kerith, a village near Hebron), the only Judæan apostle. The Twelve, "who also betrayed him."

Will Need To Be
We have it on the word of a New York scientist that man will be bigger and braver 500,000 years from now, and at the rate problems are being piled up for posterity it will, need to be.

Criticize yourself to-day and others tomorrow.

Indigestion, Gas

Many of our people suffer from indigestion and gas. It is a common complaint, and one that can be easily cured. The cause is usually a weak stomach, and the remedy is a simple one. Write Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y.

Our Dwindling Bluffs

Lack of Trees And Shelter Belts One Cause Of Drought Conditions

(By G. W. Booth, Semans, Sask.)

It seems a paradox that a movement should be under way to encourage tree planting on a large scale over the drought area of western Canada, whilst side by side with this movement wherever there is a tree enough to make a bit of firewood or form a small snow drift on a road allowance it is allowed to be ruthlessly devoured.

Not only is the above true but there are simply thousands of men engaged every day and night at the task of destroying small poplar trees in wagon and sleigh load lots, to use as fuel instead of coal.

Thicket one force would stay the encroachments of the desert another and an even more desperately determined body of men are making their pathway clear wherever there is a tree to obstruct its progress.

Let us study more thoroughly the soil-dwelling area and its effects. Picture to yourself a broad belt of country—not naturally a barren one—of fertile soil, with a rich top soil, but a soil that is easily pulverized and easily denuded of fertility by even a moderate wind. Suppose a close inspection shows this soil to consist largely of two parts, one part being a heavy, sticky, silty loam, the other part very fine sand and the larger particles resembling finely crushed gravel.

When the wind blows it is the finer better part of that top soil—the dust—that blows and the poorer part remains, until it is common to see a field that has been badly blown covered with a layer of dry rock like particles. Thus the top soil becomes slowly impoverished, whilst the better part of its surface finds a resting place in the ditch, along the road allowance, or on coulee banks.

Thousands of square miles are thus being lost to the farmer, and the result is a steady loss of the best part of the soil. The wind does not blow in the night and brush creepers do not seem to sweep in from the "Bad Lands" of the Western States of America, and the result is a "Great American Desert" itself.

Imagine—if you have never been to where is commonly called the "Great American Desert"—that the wind is blowing from the west, and the sun is in the west, and the sky is clear, and the air is in the night and brush creepers do not seem to sweep in from the "Bad Lands" of the Western States of America, and the result is a "Great American Desert" itself.

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OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
SAVE THE POKER HANDS

Marvels of the Human Eye

By F. M. CROWE, Optometrist-Optician, Calgary

NO. 10—SENDING THE WHOLE CHILD TO SCHOOL

In years gone by the physical side of life was much more neglected than it is to-day. In recent years we have given more attention to the value, not only of life itself, but also of those things which make life worth living.

Modern school systems have developed a health program, including physical education, and have begun to look after the physical well-being of the students.

There are many physical defects which might retard the child in his school work but this article is intended to stress the prevalence of eyestrain and its attendant evils.

About three people out of every ten use glasses to-day for some purpose but it is estimated that seven out of ten should be wearing them. This almost universal need for assistance in seeing is the result of the expenditure of the constant use of the eyes at close range and almost constant exposure to "glare" from sidewalks, roads or buildings, printing on newspaper and from high powered electric lights.

Modern life demands modern equipment and it is the constant use of the eyes for close work that has made modern civilization a great handicap to the human race.

The strain of civilized life falls most heavily upon the eyes, the most delicate and the hardest worked of all the organs of the body. This is especially true of school children because a child's eyes are immature, they are baby eyes until he has reached the age of proper development and two things are required for the work which would mean a full load for mature eyes.

There are two hundred million young people in the schools of this continent and it has been found by actual survey that twenty per cent. of them have eyes which are so completely out of focus that it is interfering with their progress in school and robbing them of their opportunity for proper preparation for life's work.

Millions of young people quit school early because they are handicapped, because of some physical handicap; millions of others are retarded by the physical side of life.

The facts are that the farmers will be the first to feel the pinch of the war when their means permit. There is something more nearly approaching a relative value between what he sells and what he buys.

Thus to hasten that day a determined effort to deliver coal at prairie points and to sell it or well at a small margin of profit would save our growing trees, make work for idle men in coal mines and on the railroads. And help to save western Canada from the encroachments of the desert. Surely this would be a worthy move in what railroad companies, governments and farmers can all co-operate.

Made Waiting Comfortable
During the recent cold spell in Brussels, Belgium, coke braziers were placed in the principal streets at the most exposed bus and street car stops. Small crowds gathered around the braziers to warm themselves and discuss the news of the day.

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MATURITY—MATERNITY

MIDDLE AGE

At these three critical periods a woman needs to know what she can depend on. That's why so many take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. 98 out of 100 say, "It helps me! It helps my too."

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GOVERNMENT IS SUSTAINED ON CONFIDENCE VOTE

Ottawa.—The Bennett government won two more victories in the house of commons, beating back a Progressive want-of-confidence motion, 88-54, and passing the address in reply to the speech from the throne on the same matter.

A. M. Carmichael (Prog., Kinsley) joined the Conservatives in both divisions, pitted against Liberals and the bulk of the third party group.

The want-of-confidence motion was sponsored by James S. Woods, Labor member for Winnipeg North Centre and Dominion leader of the C.C.F. It claimed the administration had failed to deal adequately with unemployment, the public debt or the plight of farmers. When it was voted down it marked the end of the address debate which has been carried on almost continuously since the house opened three weeks ago.

Featuring the debate was Hon. W. D. Euler, former Liberal minister of national revenue with his double proposal of merging the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific railways under public ownership and a scaling down of interest charges on Dominion government bonds. These steps would be taken in an effort to balance the Dominion budget, paving the way for unemployment insurance and other social legislation.

A general defence of the agricultural policies of the government was entered by Hon. Robert Weir, who holds that portfolio in the cabinet. He ridiculed opposition suggestions for reciprocity with the United States in farm products, claiming it would leave cost Canadian farmers \$750,000 a week, based on February 1 prices, if American hogs had been permitted to enter this market.

In a passing reference to the world wheat agreement, the agricultural minister claimed it had been approved by the majority of western farmers and by the premiers of the prairie provinces.

Trade With Russia

Anglo-Russian Pact To Stimulate Trade Between Countries.

London.—Increased purchases of all kinds of British goods by Russia, it was learned, is the basis of an Anglo-Russian trade agreement.

The new pact calls upon the Soviet Union to buy approximately as much as it sells to Great Britain. This means an annual increase of about \$20,000,000 in British exports, based on figures of the last normal trading year, 1932.

The correction in the present trade balance, which now heavily favors Russia, will not be made immediately, however.

It is understood the Soviets will be permitted to sell about \$1,600,000 worth of goods to Great Britain for every \$1,000,000 worth bought. This ratio will be gradually corrected until Russia buys as much as it sells here.

The balance will take into consideration the visible exports of each country, such as tourist trade.

Quantity Kept Secret

U.S. Authorities Not Telling Amount Of Canadian Gold Received

New York.—Canadian gold is coming to the United States assay office here, at the attractive price of \$35 per fine ounce, but in what quantity remains a secret of the authorities.

The price of \$35 is on delivery at the New York Reserve bank, the United States assay office here, or the federal mint. The seller pays freight and insurance, while the United States government deducts 1-4th of 1 per cent. for handling costs and makes minor discounts for assay charges.

The United States government pays by cheque, 98 per cent. at the time of delivery and the remainder after the assay is completed.

Regulations Must Be Fair

Edmonton.—Western farmers should be compensated for reduction of wheat acreage, declared A. G. Andrews, U.F.A., Sedgeview, speaking in the legislature in the debate on the house throne speech. "Something must be done to curtail the production of wheat in order to get rid of the surplus but regulations must be fair to the farmers of the west," said Mr. Andrews.

W. N. U. 2084

Alberta Wheat Champion

W. J. Bryant Wins Honors at Provincial Seed Fair
Calgary.—Ten dollars won as first prize for sweet clover at last year's fair was used to purchase certified wheat seed which produced a sample of Reward that won for William J. Bryant, Boyle, Alta., the championship wheat title at the Alberta seed fair here.

It was the first time Bryant had shown wheat here but he is well known as sweet clover champion of Canada, having won first prize at the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto. He took third place in sweet clover at the World's Grain Show at Regina last year.

At the International Hay and Grain Show at Chicago, Bryant, who has only been farming for eight years, secured second prize for sweet clover and a sixth for wheat. His sweet clover took first place at the Alberta fair. Lethbridge growers took major honors. In the first judging awards announced, Hadlington Brothers of Lethbridge placed first in the spring wheat section, registered or certified. J. D. Morris, Hardisty, was second, and J. W. Shearer of Morris, third. In the spring wheat class, early varieties, the Smith Farm, Limited, Lethbridge, placed second to P. J. Rock of Morris, while W. S. Giffen, Lethbridge, was second in the winter wheat section, any hardy variety. John A. Neil of Morris was first.

Top award in the open class, for Junior grain clubs only, Grande Prairie was first, Edson second and Brightview third.

To Assist Dairymen

Appeal To Government To Stop Price Cutting Of Creamery Butter

Edmonton.—An appeal to the Dominion government to provide legislation to stop price-cutting of creamery butter has been made by the closing session of the 28th annual Alberta dairy convention here. The meeting elected T. M. Carlyle, of Calgary, president, and chose Calgary for the convention of 1935.

The meeting also ratified a resolution carried by the producers' section, asking for a federal marketing board and resolutions from both producers and manufacturers sections urging compulsory grading and marking of all butter sold at retail. The proviso was added that marking be made not effective in Alberta until implemented in British Columbia, and the resolution requested enabling legislation from Dominion and province and a copy was addressed to the B.C. Dairymen's association.

Big Fur Catch

Northern Trappers Report Largest Return In History

Winnipeg.—Across Canada's vast northland, from the fringe of the Arctic through the barren lands and the wooded country further south, the fur trade is booming.

Northern traders reaching Winnipeg from frontier districts declared the greatest fur catch in history was in progress. From widely scattered points in the isolated interior came word of phenomenal yields.

A Fort Chipewyan, Alta., trader already has 3,000 fox skins and none in that district have less than 1,000 skins, traders said. The stimulation of the trade has increased business throughout the north country. Outcoming plane and dog teams are laden with pelts.

The same story was told in northern Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia.

Visiting Western Cities

Sir Henry Drayton Conducting Sound Public Finance Campaign

Toronto.—Conducting a "national crusade" in the interest of sound public finance, Sir Henry Drayton, chairman of the Canadian chamber of commerce committee on the subject, left Toronto with S. B. Gundy, Toronto, and W. McL. Clark, secretary of the chamber. They opened the campaign at Brandon, February 15, and are visiting Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary, Lethbridge, Vancouver, Victoria and Port William before returning to Toronto early in March.

Early Marriages

Ames, Iowa.—Prof. George H. Van Tassel of the Iowa State College sociology department, said, young people were marrying earlier and increasing numbers. And, said the sociologist, "though one marriage in six breaks up, divorces are decreasing."

Photos Of Eclipse

Astronomers Conduct One Of The Most Successful Expeditions In History

Losap, Caroline Islands.—Scores of photographs which they believe will contribute greatly to further studies of light were obtained by Japanese and United States scientists during a total solar eclipse.

Because of cloudless skies and careful preparations the scientists who journeyed to this lonely mid-Pacific atoll declared themselves confident they had conducted one of the most successful expeditions in the history of astronomy.

They were sought to determine whether light of the sun's corona is direct or reflected and the angle of deflection of the sun's light, which bears on Professor Einstein's relativity theory.

Losap's 350 natives, equipped with smoke glasses which the scientists had taught them to make, took up positions on the beach at dawn to await the promised show.

They clapped their hands in childish glee as the sun slowly disappeared, but when darkness came and a fiery crown later leaped from a blackened disk they were silent and solemn.

BRITAIN STANDS FOR JUSTICE OF AUSTRIA'S CAUSE

London.—The United Kingdom is in agreement with other nations, notably France and Italy, which hold that the integrity and independence of Austria must be maintained.

This was clearly set forth by Sir John Simon, secretary for foreign affairs, answering a question in the house of commons before eager listeners. He said the British government recognized the justice of the Austrian stand that she cannot tolerate any interference in her internal affairs "from any quarter."

At the same time the minister made it plain that Britain has assumed a "hands-off" policy toward the entire Austro-German situation until the matter is given consideration by the League of Nations council. The United Kingdom would not interfere in the internal affairs of any nation, he said.

Sir John was referring particularly to the Austrian declaration she will appeal to the League of Nations against what she considers German interference in her domestic affairs. Until the League has considered such an appeal the British government could not present its views on the situation, he added.

Unique Collection

Sixty Parliament Houses Within The British Empire

London.—In one way or another the empire has 60 parliament houses, nearly every one following the rectangular model of the mother of parliaments' debating chamber with the government and opposition facing each other.

This is well illustrated in the unique collection of pictures of the parliament houses of the empire, on exhibition at the press gallery at Westminster. The exhibition was opened by Captain Edward Fitzroy, speaker of the British house of commons.

BLAMES LONDON TREATY



Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, who is National Conservative candidate in the North Portsmouth by-election, in an election speech, denounced the London Naval Treaty as having done "grievous harm" to the British Navy.

Long Deadlock Likely

Trade Situation At Standstill Between United Kingdom And France

London.—Indications were that a long commercial deadlock between the United Kingdom and France would result from the latest retaliatory measures between the two nations.

With a 20 per cent. increase in British duties on French goods in effect, and trade conventions giving British ships advantages in French ports denounced by France, it was considered likely in political circles that it would be a long time before there was any definite move to ease the situation.

The British government meanwhile let it be known the Anglo-Russian trade agreement, after months of painstaking negotiations, is now completely drafted ready for signature, after which it is to be ratified by the house of commons. The pact provides for re-establishment of normal commercial relations between Britain and Russia, broken off since last April at the time of the celebrated espionage trials.

Promoted To Commander

Prince George Now Has High Rank In Royal Navy

London.—The admiralty has announced promotion of Prince George, now on a tour of South Africa, to rank of commander in the royal navy.

It is a double promotion for the king's youngest son, who has been a lieutenant for eight years. Prince George is naval aide-de-camp to His Majesty.

Not So Many Tourists

Ottawa.—During the past calendar year 2,233,418 tourist automobiles entered Canada for a period of 34 days; 863,136 for a period not exceeding 60 days, and 333 for a period exceeding 60 days, according to a statement issued by the department of national revenue. This showed a considerable falling-off as compared with 1932.

Farm Loan Loss

Winnipeg.—The Manitoba Farm Loans association sustained a net loss of \$610,700 for the 12-month period ending April 30, 1933, according to the regular report tabled in the Manitoba legislature. The previous year's loss was \$234,177.

THE ASSASSINATION OF A KING



One of the most vivid assassination photographs ever made shows Mohammed Nadir Shah, King of Afghanistan, dying in the arms of a member of his staff after he had been shot in the gardens of Dikhusha Palace, Kabul, while addressing a gathering of students. The picture, made by a member of the king's entourage, was smuggled from Afghanistan through secret channels.

High Quality Seed

Certified Seed Improves Standing Of Canada's Export Wheat

Calgary.—The Alberta seed fair unanimously passed a resolution declaring that whatever system is devised to meet the provisions of the wheat reduction agreement it should not apply to wheat which is field inspected and sold for seed.

The resolution declared the production of registered and certified seed improves and maintains the quality of Canadian export wheat and the producer should be encouraged to continue the production of high quality seed.

Cow Testing Service

Alberta Will Provide A Limited Service To Farmers

Edmonton.—Alberta, starting April 1, will provide a limited cow testing service to farmers sending milk samples to Edmonton for testing. It was announced at the convention of the Alberta Dairymen's association. It was proposed to furnish monthly record sheets, sample bottles and preservatives and transportation on samples sent by farmers under scheme. The farmer would have to go half way in keeping records of weighing and in submitting samples.

Alberta Cattle Shipment

Carload Will Be Sold By Auction In England

Edmonton.—As a result of efforts being made by the Dominion Holstein Association to find a market for surplus stock in Great Britain, one carload of southern Alberta cattle has been shipped and will be sold at auction in the Old Country, while a second car is being selected for shipment from Edmonton. This was revealed in a report made at a meeting of the Alberta Holstein association by Harry Hays, Calgary, provincial fieldman.

PRISON REVOLT THREATS COME FROM KINGSTON

Ottawa.—Communist agitators were at the bottom of recent threatened revolts at Kingston penitentiary, Minister of Justice Hugh Guthrie told the house of commons. It had become difficult to maintain order there because the Canadian Labor Defence League had attempted to create sympathy for the eight Toronto Reds sentenced to penitentiary more than a year ago, through different public channels.

"Time after time we have had threatened revolts there," said the minister, referring to the stone-walled prison on Portsmouth bar. "Every prisoner from Toronto has come there and said, 'By gosh, the newspapers are for you, the churches are for you, everybody is for you. We will have another revolution and we'll get out.' A very serious situation has resulted."

Thousands of appeals and demands, referring to the Toronto Communists, had been received by him in recent months, said Mr. Guthrie, most of them suggested or sponsored by the Canadian Labor Defence League and the Workers' Unity League.

At the same time he announced a scheme of segregation would be instituted in Canadian penitentiaries based on the plan of D. M. Ormond, superintendent of penitentiaries, which would include a board in each prison consisting of officials and a staff psychologist to examine each man.

Prison administration was discussed when Miss Agnes Macphail, the only woman in the house, proposed a parliamentary committee to inquire into prison life and the causes of crime. Debate on the motion was not concluded. Wages for convicts was proposed by Miss Macphail.

Charges that old-time barbarism was practised in Kingston penitentiary, were leveled by Gen. A. E. Ross, Conservative member for that city. He flourished a paddle, a strap used to punish recalcitrant prisoners, before the startled members and urged that wardens be prohibited from using it. Studded with holes, he claimed the paddle would lift the hide from a man's back, "shaking the flesh like a bowl of jelly."

The penitentiary, said Gen. Ross, possessed a dungeon or hole, five feet underground with restricted light extending only through a pipe extending to the warden's room. "That hole is there and let us remove it," he said.

ADVANCES AND GRANTS UNDER RELIEF MEASURE

Ottawa.—Guarantees, loans and grants made under the relief acts by the government in 1931, 1932, 1933 and 1934 to persons, private concerns or corporations are set out in a return tabled in the house of commons by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, minister of finance.

In answer to Hon. W. D. Euler (Lib., North Waterloo), the following guarantees are shown:
Algoma Steel Corporation: Its manufacture of steel rails for Canadian National Railways, maximum amount of bank advances guaranteed \$600,000.

Beulmols Light, Heat and Power Co.: Toward completion of construction, amount of bank advances guaranteed \$15,538,500.

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.: To meet capital obligations and indebtedness payable, amount of bank advances guaranteed \$60,000,000.
Dominion Steel and Coal Corporation: Re-manufacture of steel rails for Canadian National Railways, maximum amount of bank advances guaranteed \$1,100,000.

The government guaranteed repayment of bank advances to the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, Ltd.: In respect of the marketing of the 1930 crop and marketing of the 1931 and 1932 crops. The amount of the advances to wheat marketing agencies has varied from day to day with the course of business. The liability of the Dominion accrues after all, or practically all, of the wheat and other grains have been realized upon.

A loan of \$2,447,221.71 was made to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. regarding employment in shops, repayable by the company under certain conditions.

Grants under the acts were:
Canadian National Railway: Interest on outlays for certain advanced unemployment relief works, \$882,412.35; Canadian Pacific Railway: interest on outlays for advanced unemployment relief works, \$965,580; Canadian National Railway: purchase of ties, \$1,099,359.39; Canadian National Railway, construction of subway at St. Lambert, \$17,506.43; Canadian National Railway, banking Nova Scotia coal, \$41,718.22; Canadian Pacific Railway: extra costs in rail-laying program, \$209,196.98; Dominion Steel and Coal Corporation: re-interest on cost of steel rails for C.N.R., \$13,439.28.

Can See No Hope

If We Limit Wheat Production, Time To Quit, Says Expert

Calgary.—If it becomes necessary to restrict the production of wheat in the open plains area of Saskatchewan and Alberta seriously, then it is time to consider abandonment of the country, in the opinion of J. G. Taggart, agricultural expert and superintendent of the Swift Current experimental station.

"I can see no hope whatever for successful agriculture unless the substantial part of the land is used to raise wheat," he told the Calgary branch of the Canadian Society of Technical Agriculturists.
Of Saskatchewan's 31,000,000 acres under cultivation, 16,000,000 acres are in the open plains area and in normal years the bulk of the high grade wheat is grown in that area, Taggart said. Only a few crops can be grown in the area and spring wheat is the most productive and more profitable.

Grain For Wild Ducks

Rocky Mountain House.—Ten thousand mallard ducks on Raven and Clear Water creeks facing starvation, will finish out the winter without robbing the farmers. Following lead of Henry Steifos, who distributed loads of grain to feed the wild fowl, Red Deer and Edmonton Waterfowl Game associations have made provision for continuing the feeding of the birds.

Large Sum For Pensions

Winnipeg.—Old age pensions paid by the Manitoba government during the fiscal year ending April 30, 1933, totalled \$1,895,165.75, according to the annual report tabled in the legislature by Hon. W. J. Major, K.C., attorney-general.

Canadian Hen Too Prolific

Heavy Exports To Old Land Alarming British Farmers

The Canadian hen is altogether too prolific for the British farmer's taste and Canada's total of twenty-five million eggs exported to the United Kingdom yearly, as well as the Dominion's expanding poultry supplies, are likely shortly to be curtailed by the British government.

Though egg imports from Holland and Belgium are already heavily reduced intensified dominion production, especially in Canada and Australia, threatens a disastrous fall in prices during the months from February to July. The British farmer consequently is alarmed and has begged the minister of agriculture to help him. Moreover, he has developed poultry raising to such a point that he has now sixty million birds, or double what he possessed ten years ago.

On top of all this, he has to meet the competition of ten million dollars worth of liquid eggs from China. This illustration of "the economics of scarcity" in the world, which, as the Archbishop of York in an appeal today to the nation's conscience on behalf of the unemployed says, is grievously astray "because, while multitudes suffer from under-nourishment, food is burned or thrown into the sea," receives further emphasis from the plight of Dutch cattle producers.

Two hundred thousand animals are about to be slaughtered in the Netherlands at the rate of four thousand weekly because they cannot be sold, either at home or abroad. The meat will be canned and given to the unemployed at a nominal price.

Control Of Weeds

Use Of Fanning Mill Will Greatly Assist

Speaking at the World's Grain Conference at Regina on the mechanical control of weeds in the spring wheat region, Mr. J. G. Harty of the Agricultural Extension Department, International Harvester Company, said "I would put the fanning mill at the head of the list of weed control machines and there is much room for improvement in design and use of seed cleaning machines. Carelessness in sowing weed seed is probably responsible for more weed trouble than will be readily admitted. The careless attitude must be changed. The reclaimer on the combine or separator, properly operated, followed by the fanning mill and disc grader, would do much in controlling weeds." The bulletin "Weeds and Weed Seed," issued by the Dominion Department of agriculture, discusses the matter of seed cleaning fully with illustrations.

Preparing Sheep Pelts

Department Of Agriculture Gives Direction For Doing Work

The following directions for preparing lamb or sheep pelts are given by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in the bulletin on dressing and cutting lamb carcasses: Spread the pelt out flat and evenly, with the wool side down. Take a pound to a pound and a half of coarse salt and sprinkle it evenly over the pelt, exercising special care with the head and legs. Allow the pelt to remain in this position for at least twenty-four hours. The pelt may then be rolled, turning in the legs and sides lengthwise. Bring the head to about the point of the shoulder and the tail and rump to the centre of the back, and roll both ends, making a tight compact pelt. Tie securely with strong cord and store in a dry, cool place.

Women Make Good Navigators

Women interested in aviation should strive to become navigators rather than pilots, Ruth Nichols, famed American aviatrix, told a gathering at Swantonville College. Feminine patience and attention to detail make women excellent navigators, Miss Nichols asserted. She added that men have the mechanical skill required for a successful pilot.

Checking War Talk

The Japanese government has made good on its promise to check war talk. As its first move in pursuing a policy stated before the imperial diet on Jan. 23, the government prevented circulation of a pamphlet describing an allegedly impending naval conflict on the Pacific.

W. N. U. 2034

BRITISH NATIONAL GOVERNMENT LEADERS INVADE SCOTLAND



The National Government in the Mother Country has decided to send some of its most prominent leaders on a speaking campaign through England and Scotland. Above we see four of the cabinet members who are to tour the west of Scotland. Sir John Simon (left), Foreign Minister; Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin (top centre); Sir Godfrey Collins (lower centre), Secretary of State for Scotland; and Sir John Clunior, Home Secretary.

Strip Farming For Drift

Has Proven The Most Effective Of All Measures Adopted

Where precipitation is less plentiful, the moisture stored in the fallow is too valuable for any of it to be sacrificed for producing a cover crop, and it is necessary to find other means of drift control. Of all measures adopted to meet this situation, strip farming has been of the most value. It should be stated frankly, however, says Mr. A. E. Palmer, Dominion Experiment Station, Lethbridge, Alberta, that although strip farming is a most effective and practical method of controlling soil drift, it does not entirely prevent it, and it must be accompanied by careful cultural practices. Strip farming, as the term implies, consists of dividing the field into alternating strips of crop and fallow. For convenience strips are laid out either directly north and south, or east and west, whichever is the more nearly at right angles to the direction of the most severe winds. The idea that strips are of value only where drifting winds come from but one direction does not seem to be correct, as they furnish direct protection from all winds striking them at any angle.

Inured To Cold

Proper Kind Of Clothing Will Afford Protection From Severest Weather

Captain Bob Bartlett, the veteran explorer, has never experienced frost during the greater part of a lifetime spent in the Arctic and sub-Arctic. He became accustomed to cold while sea hunting on the ice dogs off his native Newfoundland and Labrador and learned as a boy how to protect himself against the low temperatures which he later encountered on the journeys of which the most famous excursion was his first trip with Peary to within a short distance of the North Pole. During the hazardous crossing of the ice pack to Siberia after the Karikank in the polar ocean north of Bering Straits, Captain Bartlett kept himself from being frostbitten. Given adequate clothing, he believes there is no reason for anyone being incapacitated by cold weather no matter how low the temperature may fall. —New York Sun.

History Repeating Itself

It looks as if history is repeating itself. In the depression of 12 or 13 years ago, the greatest factor in bringing back good times was the automobile industry, then making great strides in its development. Reports which are coming in from all parts of Canada and the United States indicate that, so far as these two countries are concerned, this industry is leading them back to better times.

Huge X-Ray Tube

The huge X-ray tube, designed for the treatment of cancer, can generate as much power as the world's supply of radium, estimated at four ounces. The tube, nearly 30 feet tall, develops a 1,100,000-volt flash of gamma rays.

Manchuria has started a campaign against kidnapping.

Depends On Yourself

Practically Everyone Can Keep Young For Many Years

"We are only young once," you often hear some person remark as an excuse for "hitting the pace." True, we can be young but once and the pleasures of youth must be crowded into that space of time.

But how long are we young? Some men are old at 40 while others are still young at 60. It depends upon the pace they hit and the manner in which they hit it.

We can crowd a lot of work and pleasure into youth if we keep our hearts and our minds and our bodies clean, or we can reduce the amount of both and shorten our youth by resorting to reckless dissipation. Your youth is your own. It will be prolonged or curtailed by your own acts.

Sea Serpents Galore

Another Sea Monster Is Sighted In Caribbean Sea

While "Amiable Amy" reportedly heads northward from its usual haunts around Victoria, B.C., another sea serpent "65 feet long and six feet broad amidships" disports itself in the Caribbean sea. There's an entry in the log of the liner Mauretania to prove it.

Senior First Officer S. W. Moughtin admitted he made the entry in the log under the date of January 30. It read simply:

"Sighted sea monster headed S.W., 1:20 p.m."

Beside the entry Moughtin drew a sketch of the monster which was also seen by Senior Third Officer J. W. Caucy.

A boy in a Kansas school, asked for a composition on slang, wrote: "I'll bet if I don't quit using slang, you'll seek me on the noddie."

The teacher read it. "One more crack like that," he exploded, "and it's the skids for you."

Depression salary cuts of many public employees in South Africa are being restored.

Musk Rats In Scotland

Rewards Are Now Being Offered For Their Extirmination

In 1927 six pairs of musk rats were purchased by Scotland from Canada and installed in a field near Faddal, close to Bracon, in Perthshire. Although part of this scheme was turned into a swamp by diverting into it the water of a burn (stream), the musk rats disliked these quarters and soon bit through the wire netting, and five pairs escaped. Later a male was found dead, so that the stock from which Scotland has since been populated by these animals was five females and four males. Eighty musk rats were killed by one keeper before operations were begun for their extermination. Rewards were paid to private individuals for 40 musk rats killed by them during the winter of 1932-33. Since October 1932 over 750 musk rats have been killed by the trappers employed by the Department of Agriculture for Scotland. We know, therefore, says the Scottish Journal of Agriculture, that 890 musk rats have been killed during the last three years, all descendants of the few rats that escaped in 1927.

Cultivating War Spirit

Chinese Board Of Censors Bans Anti-War Movies

At the instigation of the Kuomintang party, the Chinese board of censors has banned the showing of any motion picture which may be termed "anti-war." The Kuomintang says the nation's prime need today is the "cultivation of public spirit to fight China's enemies." Accordingly the censors will henceforth be wielded on all movie scenes depicting family grief over parting with soldier sons or sorrow on the receipt of news that men have been killed in action, "tragic scenes of wounded soldiers" or any sequences showing the hardships or horrors of war.—Border Cities Star.

Agricultural crops in Manchuria last season were 20 per cent. greater than in 1932.

Likely To Continue

Story Of King Tut's Curse Too Good To Scrap

The death in Boston of Dr. Albert M. Lythgoe, curator, emeritus of Egyptology of the Metropolitan Museum, who was present at the opening of the tomb of King Tut-an-Amen, will revive the story that those who took any part in the uncovering of the tomb and the exposure of the remains have a curse upon them which shortens their lives. This story has been played up from time to time whenever anyone directly or indirectly connected with the event has died.

But Mr. Herbert E. Winlock, director of the museum, to use unprofessional language, declares the curse is all "hunk."

In the first place, he says, the statement that there was an inscription over the inner chamber which said, "Here lies the great King, and whosoever disturbs this tomb, on him may the curse of Pharaoh rest," existed only in the imagination of some newspaper correspondent.

It is true that about twelve people who had much to do with the excavation are dead, but the facts are these:

That the man who first discovered the steps leading into the tomb is alive.

Of the five who attended the opening of the tomb three are still alive.

Of the twenty-two who were at the opening of the inner chamber sixteen are still alive.

Of the opening of the sarcophagus all except two are still alive.

Of the ten who examined the mummy itself all the ten are still alive.

The ages of the men who did die were from 40 to 77, so that they were all men getting on in years and liable to die from natural causes.

But the curse story is likely to continue because it is too good a story to scrap.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Many Prominent Men

Work For Education

One Phase Of Student Life That Is Quite Common

Attention is being drawn by some university heads that a number of students are in need. Young men and women endure privation and want in order to get an education.

This phase of student life may be more common under present circumstances, but it is not peculiar by any means. Many a prominent Canadian experienced hardship putting himself through college.

Rt. Rev. E. H. Oliver, D.D., etc., former moderator of the United Church of Canada, is among the leading Canadians who worked hard at many tasks to put himself through college. Going to university from the Chatham district, he tells some good tales that are funny now, but were deadly serious in his student days.

One of the jobs he tells about was being a sort of night watchman in the home of an elderly woman. His task was to sit and read in a room. And every fifteen minutes he had to press a button. He was told that button was connected directly with the police station. He was always tempted not to press the button to satisfy his curiosity. The second desire was to hold the job, which he needed badly. He was afraid that if the bell really did ring at police headquarters and he did not press it, the officers would come, and he would be accused of having been asleep and so lose his job.

He always pressed the button.—W. L. Clark, in Border Cities Star.

Seems Funny Now

It is amusing to learn that the inhabitants of Grosvenor Square, London, made great protests when that exclusive area was first lighted by gas. Many thought the new illuminant extremely vulgar, and at least one Peer, the Earl of Mansfield, refused to make the change from candles to gas. The advent of gas was not good for valuable paintings, many of which lost some of their value.

The man who goes about wrapped up in his thoughts risks a chill.

A new anthology has just been published in England.

Agricultural Notes

Many Items Of Interest To The Western Farmer

Up to February 3, a total of 4,534 Canadian cattle were shipped to the United Kingdom this year.

During the week ending January 25, 988 cattle, 90 calves, 4,081 hogs and 2,979 sheep were shipped from western to eastern Canada.

For the week ending February 1, the total amount of hogs graded in Canada was 67,443 making \$11,357 in all for the first five weeks of this year.

Of the wheat in storage at Rotterdam, 58,810 tons is of Canadian origin, the largest quantity of Canadian wheat to be held in Holland for many years. The bulk of it is in transit.

Blister beetles of one species or another are to be found in every province of Canada.

The Canadian egg market as a whole continues to maintain a very favourable position as compared with a year ago.—Egg and Poultry Market Review.

On the prairies, the army cutworm, the Bertha armyworm, and the beet webworm are erroneously classed as pest armyworms. These insects under certain conditions assume marching habits and cause a large amount of damage to miscellaneous crops.

Guinea pigs, rabbits, mice and other animals die quickly from the effects of anthrax, an animal disease very rare in Canada. Hogs, dogs, cats and carnivorous animals in general are less susceptible and may become infected only after repeated exposure.

Great Britain, with its herds, flocks, pastures, and institutions of animal research, offers a virgin field for exploration by the Dominion and Colonial animal husbandmen. Those who have not had the opportunity of visiting this Mecca of the livestock world have a great pleasure in store.—Professor Sinclair, Alberta University.

Eggs readily absorb odors and for that reason should never be placed near such food as fish, cheese, or onions. If a case or crate containing eggs is placed in a cellar, the crate should rest on a shelf, so the dampness from the floor will cause mould or must.

As lambs reach the age of about a year, the meat assumes the character of mature mutton. Young mutton is a very fine quality of meat which is not appreciated in Canada as it should be. It is distinguished from lamb by the colour of the meat and by the paler colour and hardness of the bones. Cuts of mutton are heavier than those of lamb.

Children With Red Hair

Research In London Shows More Boys Than Girls

There are more red-headed boys than red-headed girls, according to a report issued by the Medical Research Council, London, this conclusion having been arrived at by Miss R. M. Fleming, of the Medical Research Council staff, after a study extending 14 years and taking in 2,219 boys and 2,073 girls. The report also mentions the following facts:

The blue eyes of a baby may become brown, but no brown eyes ever become blue again. Changes in eye and hair color are always to darker shades not lighter. Boys and girls are equal in average height up to 11 years. Girls are taller than boys between 11 and 14. Afterwards boys become steadily taller than girls. Girls are darker than boys. The average head measurements are greater in boys than in girls at every age.

Could And Would

Prof. Gilbert Murray, the world Greek scholar, said at a Harvard reception:

"Taxes all over the world get higher and higher. And they'll keep on getting higher and higher till the governments learn to economize. When it comes to economizing the average government is like the lady. 'Business,' the lady's husband said to her, 'is on the blink, my love. Do you think you could economize a little—wear simpler dresses, say?' 'Why, of course, darling,' said the lady. 'I'll order some simple dresses this very afternoon.'"

The proper temperature at which potatoes should be stored is 37 degrees F., for at this temperature the life processes of the tuber are at their minimum.

Rothschilds, Scotland, is sending large shipments of herrings to the Glasgow post.

FANCIFUL FABLES



EDWARDSBURG

CORN BRAND
CORN SYRUP

A pure, wholesome,
and economical table
Syrup. Children love
its delicious flavor.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.

OCCASIONAL WIFE

by EDNA ROBB WEBSTER

Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick Girl," etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a young, struggling sculptor trying to win a competition for a scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when she comes of age and so is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avis Hoyt, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Gus Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. At a party at an exclusive club Peter entertains Camilla's guests with impersonations. When the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the gaiety, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and they find their boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Avis is stunned and Camilla's mother likewise. Camilla decides that she must leave the home of her adopted parents immediately and go to live with Rose, her sister, who is a file clerk in a business house. This decision to take an apartment. Bowman and Weeks, an advertising agency, where Camilla has submitted some of her work, send for her and tell her they have a new account which requires unusual treatment of juvenile art. To Camilla's surprise she learns that the account is that of her foster father's company, which has decided on an extensive campaign to bolster up lagging business. After a conference with Mr. Bowman, Camilla decides to attempt the work. With ideas running riot in her head she goes home and spends the night sketching. In the morning, armed with her samples she sets out for the agency. The critics were enthusiastic about her work, and Mr. Weeks offers her a salary of \$50.00 a week to start and a prospect of having it doubled. She goes to keep a dinner engagement with Peter.

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER XXXI.

"We were speaking yesterday," Camilla began steadily glancing around the table at the men who faced her attentively, "of reaching the household buying public—the women—through the children. And, of course, we can't reach children with adult ideas. There is nothing so attractive to children as a story, and

..chest
LIDS

best treated
by stimulation
and inhalation

Just rub on
VICKS
VapoRub

PROVED BY 2 GENERATIONS



W. N. U. 2034

Camilla's head whirled crazily for an instant. She knew that fifty dollars or even a hundred dollars was no fortune, but that she—Camilla—could earn that much money for herself every week, seemed miraculous. She nodded, before her voice could command a sound. "Any arrangements you make are satisfactory to me." Anything, she thought, to get a start, to prove her ability to herself and others—oh, she would have accepted much less for the opportunity to begin her work.

"May I ask one favor of you, Mr. Weeks?" she asked hesitantly.

"Why—of course."

"When you submit these to your client," she indicated the drawings, "please don't tell anyone who made them. Your artists need not be known to your advertisers, I suppose?"

"No, not at all, if you prefer to have it that way. Our work goes out as a firm, but usually if an artist is very successful, her individual work attracts attention."

"In that case, it would be all right," she agreed, "but I much prefer to remain anonymous for the present."

Then she was shaking the hands and accepting the compliments of the executive board, and presently found herself in her own car driving toward home. Everything looked changed, different, she thought. As if the world had donned its holiday attire to celebrate her victory. And everywhere she glanced, her tiny Tots printed themselves on the sky, the treetops, the buildings and pavements—waving their hands at her gleefully.

She turned into the park when she reached the entrance, and drove leisurely along the boulevards. Traffic was not heavy at this time of day, so driving was a pleasure. Later, it became a hazardous responsibility.

Camilla thought about Peter, and her dinner engagement with him tonight. How happy he would be over the news of her success! Six hours was a long time to wait to tell him, but she would make herself be patient. She would not hurry and rush for awhile before time to dress for dinner, she decided; and realized that she was quite weary, now that the stimulus of anxiety had been withdrawn and the first excitement of victory had passed.

Tomorrow, she would look for an apartment, and get settled before Monday, when it had been temporarily arranged that she would begin her work. Rose would be happy over her good news, also. And the thought followed that she would be able to do much for Rose—now—far more than she ever had been able to do when she lived with wealth surrounding her. Her social position always has commanded practically all of her allowance. She would be able, also, to slip her own mother an extra bill occasionally if her salary were doubled soon. That meant that she had to succeed. It meant that the Wheatheart Cereal corporation would prosper and expand. Some day, perhaps, she would acknowledge her part in the campaign to Alexander Hoyt, and deserve the words of approval that he had withheld, always. Why, she had often conjectured, but never decided.

"Splendid!"

"Very clever—noval idea."

"Best thing I've seen for a long time."

"You had this idea worked out before?" Mr. Bowman inquired with surprise.

"Not at all. The idea came to me after I talked with you yesterday. As I say, the thought is not entirely new—but I think the presentation of it is."

"Very new," he agreed. "But you don't tell me you have done all these since you were here yesterday?"

"I did," she smiled. "Of course, I intend to improve them with more time and I should hope the whole project would work out better as I went along—that is, if the suggestion should be used," she added quickly.

Weeks and Bowman looked at each other, smiled and turned at Camilla. "I am afraid they will be used," said Mr. Weeks. "There will be some formality of submitting the plan to the advertising manager of the Wheatheart corporation, but we shall recommend the idea enthusiastically. I think, Miss Hoyt, that you have a position, and one which is going to keep you pretty busy for a while."

"Nothing could please me more," earnestly.

"But you won't have to do this much work in one day, remember," he chided pleasantly.

"I don't think I could do that much every day," she laughed. "This was an emergency, you see."

"You always meet emergencies, don't you?" he looked at her with admiration.

"That is quite important, isn't it?" soberly.

"Indeed it is. But the emergency is where most people fail. A sudden responsibility frightens the average person."

"Why?" Camilla wondered, "it just does the opposite for me—it stimulates me, challenges me."

"Then you are the very person we need here, whether you draw tiny Tots or lumbering giants," he decided. "Now, in regard to salary, much will depend upon the progress and the success of this campaign. Would you take fifty dollars a week to start, and if the returns are satisfactory within two months after the first publicity, we'll double that."

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Inventor Of Telephone

House Of Alexander Graham Bell At Brantford Is To Be Preserved
The house at Brantford, Ont., in which Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, conceived the idea of this revolutionary invention and in which it was first practically demonstrated is being moved to a new location in order to save it from destruction.

Gradual erosion of the steep banks of the Grand river had so undermined the foundation of the historic house that hurried efforts had to be made to save it. A considerable sum of money has already been spent in an attempt to stay the erosion, but without success.

According to the written accounts of Professor Bell, the discovery of the telephone, both as to its main principle and as to the first transmission of the human voice, was made at his father's residence at Tutela Heights, Brantford, in 1875, and the first telephone talk over any distance was conducted between Brantford and Paris, Ontario, a distance of eight miles, on August 10, 1876.

Hypnotism By Phonograph

Method Has Recently Been Invented By German Doctor

Possibilities of the use of "Psychophony," the method of hypnotism by phonograph, which was invented recently by Dr. Camille Radwan, in Berlin, is reported to be arousing apprehension in Europe. The method is that human voices of strong suggestive or persuasive power are recorded on phonograph records, which are delivered to patients. The patient sits before the phonograph in a dark room, and listens to the record until hypnotized. There are special messages for the business man, those unable to concentrate and for the nervous. Dr. Radwan claims many cures. Critics declare that the idea could be used in propaganda and in political parties, and if carried to talking pictures would have an ominous mass-suggestion power.

THE RHYMING
OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

REASON FOR SONG

O, song is a bit of a puzzle,
When anyone wants to know why
Words spring from the heart set to music.

At sight of a star in the sky!
The reason for singing eludes one,
Though song may be sweet on its lips.

When he watches the white ruffles
Of the wind in the out-going ships.
In the wake of the out-going ships.

So many things move to the measure
Of song through the day and the night;
The river, the wind in the willows,
The wings of the sea gulls in flight.

So great is the urge of its beauty
That translating a rose into words
Is no more of a task to the singer
Than their morning songs are to the birds.

Though the reason for singing is hidden,
Still the need lures, abiding and deep,
As the need of bread is for the hungry,
As the need of the weary is sleep.

World's Oil Supply

Will Last For Next Thirty Centuries
Is Estimate

Petroleum, in known deposits and at the rate of the present consumption is sufficient to last the world for the next 30 centuries, according to Dr. Gustave Eiffel, of Chicago. With only two million acres of oil wells producing in the United States alone, Dr. Eiffel points out that America has 1,100,000,000 acres of possible oil land that is yet to be explored and developed.

Fire Destroys Historic Mast

The Admiralty's 440-foot wireless mast at Grimby, England, which flashed the historic war signal to the British fleet on Aug. 4, 1914, crashed in flames after burning for 24 hours. The flames were visible for many miles on land and out at sea, in a wonderful spectacle. No one was hurt and the origin of the blaze was unknown.

The psychologist who says that an occasional bad cold is necessary to good health is welcome to a monopoly on that sort of benediction.

Shawls are "coming back" in London.

"WHY RISK FAILURES WITH
DOUBTFUL BAKING POWDER.
LESS THAN 1/2 WORTH OF
MAGIC MAKES A FINE BIG
CAKE. AND YOU ARE SURE
OF SUCCESSFUL RESULTS."

MRS. CLARRY HUNT, Chief Dietician
for Gillett Products, Toronto

MAGIC costs so little! Just think—it actually takes less than 1¢ worth of Magic to make a delicious layer cake. Why take chances with doubtful baking powder? Bake with Magic and be sure!

MAGIC

MADE IN CANADA



What About The Press?

No One Sheds Tears Over Publishers' Hard Times

New Glasgow, Nova Scotia, Evening Post says: "Now that we've taken care of the banks and the buildings and loan companies and the insurance companies and the railroads and the mortgage companies and the farmers—does anyone have any objection to some sort of relief for the newspapers?"

Bad times and good, the newspapers must go on just the same. The harder the times, the greater value of news. The newspapers must be maintained. It costs just as much to get out the newspaper, despite the fact that advertising has dropped to a new record low ebb.

But no one sheds tears for the press. Newspapers are supposed to cry for relief of others, not for the suffering in individual or corporate form, and annual for justice and retribution. Every headache is carried to the newspapers, every complaint is given to the press, appeals for the needy, pleas for business, charitable and civil reform—all are a part of the newspaper's duty to the public.

And when business fails off, advertising contracts are cancelled and publishers are struggling for a livelihood, a sudden attack of deafness comes over the land.

Does anybody ever stop to think that a town without a newspaper these days would be completely off the map?"

Magazine For Blind

Marking a new era in journalism for the blind, a magazine in raised type for the sightless has been printed at the Braille Institute of America in Los Angeles. The periodical will carry a digest of world news, the latest political events of import, some bits of humor, household hints and an occasional short story. The magazine, to be issued monthly, is entitled the "New Moon," in honor of Dr. William Moon, the Englishman who perfected a type for blind in 1847.

Investigations are in progress by the Dominion department of agriculture to learn the most efficient and least expensive methods of seeding and harvesting crops.

Little Helps For This Week

"And what doth the Lord require of thee but to do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God."—Micah 6:8.

"Put on therefore kindness, humbleness of mind, meekness, longuffering."—Col. 3:12.

Plant in us a humble mind, Patient, pitiful and kind; Meek and lowly let us be, Full of goodness, full of Thee. —C. Wesley.

There is no true and constant gentleness without humility; while we are so fond of ourselves we are easily offended with others. Let us be persuaded there is nothing due to us, and then nothing will disturb us. Let us often think of our own infirmities, and we shall become indulgent towards those of others.—Fenelon.

Endeavor to be patient in bearing with the defects and infirmities of others, of whatever sort they be; for thyself hath many failings which must be borne with by other people. If thou canst not make thyself such a one as thou wouldst, how canst thou expect to have another in all things to thy liking.—Thomas A. Kempis.

Trying Open-Air Method

Chinese Government Has New Cure For Opium Habit

From Canton, China, comes a new cure for the drug habit. It is an open-air method. The Canton government has issued an official proclamation that on and after March the first all opium addicts, if caught, will be forced to live in roofless houses and endure, so the edict says, "terrible exposure to the elements." As an opium smoker lies in a closely shuttered, stuffy room, exposure to an unlimited quantity of fresh air is to him the worst of tortures. So the Canton government counts on this aversion to fresh air to bring the opium addicts to their senses.

Latvia's new railroad line near the Estonian border is being built on the Russian gauge.

Pickled bats were a delicacy of Babylonian dining.

Now! Ease Sore Throat
Instantly!

1 Crush and dissolve 3 Aspirin Tablets in half a glass of water.

2 GARGLE thoroughly—throw your head way back, allowing a little to trickle down your throat.

3 Repeat gargle and do not remain on membranes of the throat for prolonged effect.

Remember: Only Medicine Helps Sore Throat

Modern medical science now throws an entirely new light on sore throat. A way that eases the pain, rawness and irritation in as little as two or three minutes!

It requires medicine—like ASPIRIN—to do these things! That is why throat specialists throughout the world are prescribing this ASPIRIN gargle in place of old-time ways.

Be careful, however, that you get Aspirin Tablets for this purpose.



Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honor Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.
By Order of the Village Council.
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

Canadian Legion B.E.S.L. Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 2 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
D. J. HALL R. D. SUTHERLAND
President Secretary

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary

McCLELLAND'S DRUG STORE
STOMACH SUFFERERS
relief in 3 minutes

Many people who have suffered for years from indigestion do not know that too much acid in the stomach often is the cause of digestive discomfort.
Bismarck is a new antacid powder that acts four ways to give quick relief. It neutralizes excess acid, relieves the stomach of gas, soothes irritated stomach membranes and aids digestion of foods most likely to ferment.

McClelland's Drug Store
The Rexall Store
Phone 3 Crossfield

Classified Advertisements

WANTED TO PURCHASE—Black Bull Apply to C. Amussen, Crossfield

LOST—A horse blanket near Crossfield. Finder will please leave at the Chronicle office.

FOR SALE—1 Oak and leatherette Divanette, 1 Oak rocker, 1 nursing rocker. Apply to Mrs. P. H. Fleming

FOR SALE—Pure bred Bourbon Red Turkey toms, \$3.00; hens \$1.75. Mrs. S. Walter, Crossfield

FOR SALE—3 unbanded young gobblers and one banded B old gobbler. Mrs. N. J. Carey

FOR SALE—Some farm horses. E. Bills, Crossfield

FOR SALE—Child's Simmons Crib in good condition. Apply to Mrs. O. Bills

FOR SALE—One 14 inch 3 bottom Oliver Tractor Flow. Apply to N. A. Johnson

A BARGAIN—Model A Ford Coach 1929 in A1 shape. Cheap for cash. Apply at Chronicle office.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS REPAIRED
Hand-made Leather Goods, Basket Weaving, Musical Instruments Repaired. Leave orders at Chronicle Office. **ARCHIE ANDERSON**

HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENERATOR, Starter Repairs, Batteries (Parts for all magnetos) Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Eisemann, Wico Magnetos. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric 131 - 11th Avenue West, Calgary Phone M5895—Res. M9026

HURT & SHARPE
Welding
BLACKSMITHS
Electric and Acety Welders
John Deere and Cockshott Agents.
Crossfield, Alta.

All Kinds of
TINSMITHING WORK
J. L. McRory
CROSSFIELD Alberta

Watch and Clock Repairing—We are agents for Calgary's leading jewelers and can give you good service.—The Chronicle office.

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
THURSDAY, Feb 22, 1934.

Local News

J. M. Williams has sold a new Massey-Harris disc seeder to Frank Purvis.

Wm. Wood and Ed. Clark were in Calgary on Monday attending the brake clinic put on by the Raybestos Brake Co.

Miss Agnes McLeod and Charlie Purvis of Turner Valley were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Purvis on Sunday.

"Buster" Brown, pioneer of the Cremona district was a visitor in town, the first of the week.

A large number from the town and district attended the Drumheller Calgary hockey game at Calgary on Monday night.

The air was blue at the rear of the old Gazeley Block this a.m. when Bill Wilson told his landlady where to head in at. Boy, did he tell him, and how.

Mr. J. McLeod, Miss Alice McLeod and Percy Willis of Turner Valley, Mr. and Mrs. Mel Reid and son of Calgary, Mr. J. Lumball of Bowden were visitors at the Williams home on Sunday.

Don't forget the Bacon Hog Demonstration in the U.F.A. hall on Thursday, March 1st at 1:30 p.m. Howard Wright who attended this demonstration in Calgary states that it is worth at least ten dollars to any hog raiser.

Among those from outside points attending the Board of Trade banquet on Tuesday evening were: Mrs. G. A. Bishop, Calgary, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Allan, Airdrie; Mrs. J. C. Urquhart, Elnora, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Shaw, Carstairs, Mr. and Mrs. J. Jack, Dog Pound, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hoffman, Dog Pound.

A very interesting and complicated case was started before Judge MacDonald in District Court, Calgary, Wednesday morning. The principals of which are: The Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd. as plaintiff and J. S. Hutcheson as defendant, and J. S. Hutcheson as plaintiff by counterclaim and Atlas Lumber Co. and George Hutcheson as defendants by counterclaim. A. W. Gordon is one of quite a number of witnesses. This case will likely last several days.

Annual Meeting M. D. of Beaver Dam

The ratemakers annual meeting of Beaver Dam Municipality was held in the Cremona Hall Feb. 17. The returning officer Mr. Van Haften was elected chairman and president in an able and efficient manner.

The auditors report was read, after being fully discussed was adopted as correct.

The meeting expressed themselves as well pleased with the financial condition of the District which shows a marked improvement over previous years.

The following candidates were nominated for the office of councilor.

Division No. 2—Ernest Beddoes, and Geo. Leask.
Division No. 3—J. Watt, re-elected by acclamation.
Division No. 4—J. Mc Bain and W. Bellamy.

Bacon Hog Demonstration

Sponsored by the Crossfield and District Board of Trade
Will be held in the U.F.A. Hall
Thursday, March 1st.
at 1:30 p.m.

There will be a demonstration of Wiltshire Sides, and Lectures will be given by Provincial and University officials.

Dr. Percy Talbot will lecture on parasites in hogs.

Two Reels of Pictures
All interested are cordially invited to attend.

Board of Trade Banquet is Largely Attended

Board of Trade Will Sponsor Hog Demonstration on March 1st.

One of the most enjoyable banquets in the history of the Board of Trade was held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening, to which were invited members of the Olds Board of Trade and other prominent citizens.

A splendid chicken supper was provided by the Ladies Aid of the United Church.

A hearty welcome was extended by the President to the visiting members of the Olds Board of Trade.

Community singing and a duet by Mr. and Mrs. Crocker was much appreciated by the audience.

Howard Wright, Vice President, spoke regarding the Bacon Hog Demonstration sponsored by the Crossfield Board of Trade, to be held in the U.F.A. hall on Thursday, March 1st.

Mr. Wright stressed the advantages to be derived from such a practical demonstration of the class of hog required if we are to obtain and hold a market which is assured, if we produce the type and steady supply necessary.

The President called on Dr. S. H. McClelland to introduce the speaker of the evening, Professor E. A. Corbett of the University of Alberta.

Professor Corbett's subject was "Old Quebec, Its Manners and Customs." He showed a thorough understanding of his subject. His address, which was accompanied by slides, was both very interesting and instructive and from the hearty manner in which it was received, it was apparently thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

R. M. McCool Advocates

Much Needed Legislation

On Friday last in seconding the resolution to adopt the speech from the Throne, in the Legislative Assembly at Edmonton, Mr. R. M. McCool, M.L.A. for Cochrane, advocated the prohibition of all commercial hauling on the highways on Sundays, the compulsory carrying of lights on trucks where loads project beyond the body of the vehicle, the bonding of lawyers for the protection of their clients, the reduction of interest charges and the extension of the Public Utilities Act to include bread.

BAND CONCERT AND DANCE

Mountain View Community Hall (West of Airdrie)
Wednesday, February 28
BY
Carstairs-Crossfield Community Band
OF 24 PIECES

Assisted by Local Artists
Concert Commences at 8 p.m.
Admission to Concert: Adults 25c and Children 10c
Dance—Couple 35c Lunch Free
—Music by the Melody Boys—
Assisted by Members of the Band

BARGAIN

CENT-A-MILE

TRIP TO EDMONTON AND RETURN

Return Trip Fare From
CROSSFIELD \$3.30
Low fares from other stations

Good Going
March 2-3
RETURN LIMIT MARCH 5th.

Additional information, tickets, etc. apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The School Corner

(Edited by the School Reporter)

Three basketball teams were chosen from the High Room. All three teams were fairly evenly matched but on the last day of the league the "Reds" pulled out of the cellar and into first place. Players on the winning team were: Frank Low, Wm. Buterman, Stanley Pogue, Margaret Fitzpatrick, Isabel Goldie and Bert Blough.

Room 3 have organized a foot ball league. On Monday three teams were chosen having Steve Nasadyk, Kenneth McTavish, and Gavin Goldie as captains.

Glen Williams Wins Inter-Rink Competition

G. A. Williams won the inter-rink competition. This event carries with it the Royal Hotel cup and four miniature cups. Williams won seven and lost two games, while Gordon Purvis finished second with six wins and three defeats.

The winning rink: Glen Williams, skip, Austin Whillans, third, Frank Mair, second, Ed. Clark, lead.

Owing to mild weather there has been cutting for the past three weeks, but it turned colder over the week-end and the ice was put in shape again.

McCaskey and Purvis played the last game of the schedule on Tuesday afternoon. McCaskey won by a score of 9-8. Had Purvis won this game he and Williams would have finished the regular schedule tied and a play off have been necessary, however it was not to be. Purvis was five up at one time, but Hall and his men began to click and at the end of the eleventh the score was tied. Hall came through (like a good skipper) with his last rock to win the game.

Lois Becker who is leading for Wm. Stralo in the bonspiel, took a beauty nap on Wednesday evening, and intended to wake in time for the nine o'clock draw, but he didn't and when he arrived at the rink with broom in hand, the game was over.

Church of the Ascension

(Anglican)
Sunday, February 25th.
Evening song - 7:30 p.m.

Lenten Services

Wed., Feb. 28th at 8 p.m.—Liturgy and address on the woman who walked with Jesus.
Wed., March 7th at 9:30 a.m.—Holy Communion and address.
Wed., March 14th at 8:00 a.m.—Liturgy and address.

March 28th (Good-Friday) at 8:00 p.m.—Evening song and address.

United Church Services

On Sunday, Feb. 25th services will be held as follows:
Crossfield—Sunday School at 2 p.m. in charge of Mr. W. Gibson
Praying service in the evening at 7:30. Service at Madden Hall at 11:30 a.m.

Everybody welcome.

Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

Baptist Church

Morning Service - 11:00 a.m.
Evening Service - 7:30 p.m.
Sunday School after morning service.
Come and bring your friends.
Earl V. Phillips, Pastor


From Wagon to Sea-Board -
—Fair and Efficient dealing is the A.P. Standard of Service.



The ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN COMPANY Ltd.
LICENSED AND MONITORED WITH THE BOARD OF GRAIN COMMISSIONERS

INCOME TAX RETURNS
GOVERNMENT OF ALBERTA
Important Notice
Income Tax Returns should be filed with the Superintendent of Income Tax, Qu'Appelle Building, Edmonton.
BEFORE MARCH 31st, 1934
Forms may be procured from any Provincial Government Office, or from any bank, or direct from the Superintendent of Income Tax, Edmonton.
All persons residing, employed, or carrying on business in Alberta are liable to a tax on income, subject to the exemptions provided for in the Act.
For full information re exemptions and method of filing returns is contained on the forms themselves.
Further information will be furnished on application to
INCOME TAX BRANCH
Qu'Appelle Building, Edmonton
AVOID PENALTY BY FILING NOW
HON. R. G. REID, Provincial Treasurer
E. M. GUNDERSON, Supt. of Income Tax

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PARRISH & HEIMBECKER LTD.
Grain Receivers, Shippers and Exporters
An old established firm with a reputation for doing business right.
Head office—Grain Exchange Bldg., Winnipeg
BRANCHES: CALGARY EDMONTON LETHBRIDGE

Fish
All kinds of fresh, smoked and salted Fish for the lenten season.
CHOICE BABY BEEF
Lamb and Veal.
Special—4 lbs. lean stew beef 25c
Sausage, 3 lbs. 25c

Crossfield Meat Market
LEN CHRISMAS

Crossfield's Annual Community Sale will be held in March. List what you have for sale at the Chronicle Office.

Beer is Good for You!

Scrupulous care in the selection of ingredients and painstaking supervision of an expert staff of brewers guarantees the uniform high quality, mellow flavor and invigorating strength of beers brewed in Alberta.

DISTRIBUTORS LIMITED
AGENTS FOR THE BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA
PHONES: L11830—M4537 CALGARY

"BEER PERMITS"
Government Permits for the purchase of "Beer Only" and good for one year may be obtained at any Vendor's Store. Price One Dollar.

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